

Cadettes, Seniors, and Ambassadors

To earn the patch, girls must do 5 out of the 7 activities.
You must complete the starred activity.

⇒ 1. House Tour for Sure!

Take the tour of the Locust Grove house. When the tour is over, answer the following questions.

Q. What was your favorite room inside the house?

A. _____

Q. What was one historical object in the house you remember from the tour?

A. _____

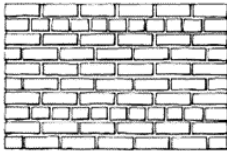
2. Awesome Architecture

William Croghan built the Locust Grove house circa, or around, 1790. He chose to build the house in the Georgian style. It was common in this area and time period for homes to be built in this style. There are _____ chimneys, two on each side, and a big porch on the _____ of the house.

The home is constructed in the simple shape of a _____. It is very _____ as the left side mirrors the right side. There are _____ windows on the second floor, a common characteristic of this style home. The large number of windows was excellent for letting in sunlight, so the family could work during the day.

This house is constructed with _____ that were made by hand. Notice the patterns on all four sides of the house. Match the pattern with the correct exterior wall.

American Common Bond



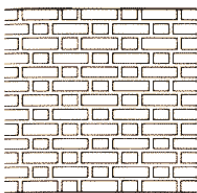
Front Side

Left Side (facing the front)

Back Side

Right Side (facing the front)

Flemish Bond





3. Museum Time

George Rogers Clark is a very famous American. He was a military hero and served our country well. For the last 9 years of his life, he lived at Locust Grove with his sister and brother-in-law. Clark is one of the reasons Locust Grove is a historic home and continues to undergo restoration as new discoveries about the time period are made. It is important to know about George Rogers Clark and what he did for our country. As you go through the museum, read about him and answer these questions.

Q. When was George Rogers Clark born?

A plaque on the 1778 wall

Q. George loved the outdoors, so what job did he have when he wasn't leading his army?

The 1783 section

Look at all the early measuring instruments that he would have used. Two of the tools I saw were

The 1783 section

Q. George Rogers Clark wanted to defend Kentucky because he thought it was such a beautiful county (it was a county at the time). He also wanted to free our country from England and protect his fellow Americans. He was a great leader and captured many British, French, Spanish, and Indian forts. Name two forts that General Clark captured.

The 1779 wall and the wall across

Q. His most famous achievement was capturing what British fort in 1779?

The 1779 wall

Q. George founded two cities, one here and one in Indiana. What are they?

A plaque on the 1778 wall, and the wall titled "Military Land Grants" in the 1783 section.

Q. By capturing the forts, George Rogers Clark also added five states to America. If he had not done that, what five states would belong to Canada?

The 1783 section

Q. Another man wanted the military position that Clark held, so he began to accuse him of things that were exaggerated or not true. George's later years weren't his best. He suffered a stroke, fell into a fire place, and had to have his _____ amputated.

The "Clark at Locust Grove" plaque to the right of the fire place

Q. Lucy invited George Rogers Clark to stay with her. He lived at Locust Grove until he died. In what year did he die?

The "Clark at Locust Grove" plaque to the right of the fire place

As you continue to explore the museum, read about other people who lived at, worked at, or visited Locust Grove.

Q. George's sister _____ married _____. They built and lived in Locust Grove.

The wall titled "Clarks and Croghans Setting Down the Roots of Family".

Q. George's brother was also famous. What was his name and what makes him so important?

The wall titled "On the Porch"

Q. There was one slave who was very important. He traveled west on a great expedition and visited Locust Grove many times. What was his name? _____ On the trip, Indians were very surprised when they saw him. Why was that?

The statue and plaque in front of the wall titled "Slavery at Locust Grove"

Q. Read about at least two or three famous or well known people who visited Locust Grove. What were their names?

_____, _____,

The wall titled "On the Porch".

☆ 4. Scavenger Hunt

The Croghan's property had many acres, plants, and buildings. The main building where the family lived is ○ _____ ○.

This second building is where the slaves cooked and prepared all the meals. Inside this structure is a very large fire place. The building is not attached to the house in case it caught on fire. There are many herbs hanging from the ceiling. This building is the _____ ○ _____.

There is another building, next to the Slave's Quarters, with a trough on the left wall, a big fire pit in the center, and meats hanging from above. A slave's job in here would be to preserve meats. This building is also the only original outbuilding left standing. It is the _____ ○ _____.

Another building with a floor so deep,
Just look down, don't take a leap.
It stores some water in a solid form,
And please, trust me, it's far from warm.

This building is the _____ ○ _____.

Here is an outbuilding that is near a running body of water, called a . Cold water was taken from there and was used to keep many food items cool and fresh. Although it is empty today, you can imagine what you might have seen in there if you were a slave. This building serves as a refrigerator.

This building is the .

This building is where milk was made into cream, butter, and cheese. It's called the . It had very narrow windows to help keep the sun out and keep the building .

This was the type of room where William Croghan went to work. It is attached to the museum. For a living, he measured land and helped settlers purchase it. Whenever someone needed his help, they came to see him in a room like this.

This was called the .

Now put all the circled letters together in order and then you'll find the mystery words!

Congratulations! You have completed the Scavenger Hunt!

Bonus: If you are interested in visiting the remaining buildings that were not in the scavenger hunt, feel free to do so now or at any other time of your stay at Locust Grove. You can visit as many as you want, and you have the choice of reading the descriptions and filling in the blanks below just like you did on the scavenger hunt!

I am not a building, but I was very important to everyone who lived or worked at Locust Grove. I reach deep into the ground to get something that every living thing needs to survive. A pail, attached to a long piece of rope, was lowered into the earth. It starts empty, but comes back filled. I have a little roof on top and I am painted white. What am I? I am the .

(This building is only open on the week days, so if you are earning the patch on the weekend, you can look at the building from the outside and imagine what might have gone on in there.)

I am a very special building. A person very skilled at his job works inside. You would have always seen tools everywhere, logs, work in progress, and shavings on the ground. Chairs are an example of something made here. What building am I?

I'm the .

This building was a home to cows, horses, and other farm animals. It has two areas, one on each side, and a loft on top. Look between the slats to see all the hay and straw. This is the
_ _ _ _ _.

George Rogers Clark died in 1818,
He was then buried under the grass so green.
Other family members were laid here too.
Even built with original stones, it's true!
The _ _ _ _ _

5. Curtain Call

Calling all Drama Queens! It is now time for you to make your big acting debut at Locust Grove. Take your knowledge of George Rogers Clark, the Croghans, the house, the slaves, and the farm, and create a skit. Pretend to be someone who lived or worked at Locust Grove and act like you were in that time period. The action can take place in or next to an outbuilding, on the back porch of the house, or in the grass. For example, you can pretend to be slaves preparing meat in the smokehouse or tending to the garden. Practice makes perfect, so run through it once or twice. When you are ready, perform it in front of other girls in your troop, leaders, and/or parents.

6. My Masterpiece

Pick a scene at Locust Grove to draw or paint. You can draw or paint an outbuilding, the house, or something else of your choosing. Make sure to include different color shades, a fore ground, and a back ground. Remember to be creative and have fun!

7. Matching

A. Croghan Property	___ Born in Virginia, she was George Rogers Clark's sister, and a mother of nine children
B. George Rogers Clark	___ A large pot with a lid that the slaves cooked pies and other things in. Coals were placed underneath and on top of it to cook the food inside
C. Trundle Bed	___ Married George Hancock and owned Locust Grove for a short time
D. William Croghan Sr.	___ A large fan made of three cloth "blades," used to keep family and guests cool at meal time, and to keep flies away from the food
E. Dutch Oven	___ A multi-purpose room, the grandest room in the house
F. Butter Churn	___ She attended the Domestic Academy, moved to Washington D.C. with her husband, and occasionally visited Locust Grove. Look for her newly refurbished painting in the home.
G. Smoked Meat	___ Son of William and Lucy Croghan, famous doctor who owned Mammoth Cave and conducted medical research in the cave
H. Lucy Clark Croghan	___ Sold Locust Grove to his sister and brother-in-law, moved his family to Pittsburg, and was a successful business man (He shares the same name with his father.)
I. Verdigris	___ Born in Ireland, he was a land surveyor, a father of nine children, and the original owner of Locust Grove
J. George Croghan	___ A tool used to measure large tracts of land, broken into smaller measurements and multiplied into larger measurements for surveying on a big scale
K. Elizabeth Croghan	___ A product that was stored in a substance of salt, sugar, and saltpeter for the winter, then coated with brown sugar, and cooked hanging from the ceiling above a hickory wood fire
L. Graces	___ Land surveyor, General in the Revolutionary War, and a resident of Locust Grove for nine years
M. Candle Mold	___ He fought Indians, defended Fort Stephenson in the war of 1812, and was given a sword. He became a Post Master General, but he gambled and illegally used money. The rest of the family helped him pay his debts.
N. William Croghan Jr.	___ Nearly 700 acres of land stretching to the Ohio River that held the house, outbuildings, and a mixed farm
O. Punkah	___ A piece of furniture that was always locked so no one could steal the valuable goods inside
P. John Croghan	___ A game in which two people pass a small hoop to each other using two wooden rods
Q. Hoops	___ Children would have slept on this bed. It was close to the ground and stored under the regular bed when not in use. This allows for more sleeping space at night and more walking space in the room during the day.
R. Surveyor's Chain	___ A tool with long, thin openings that hot wax was poured into, making an item that allowed the Croghans to see at night
S. Ann Croghan	___ A wooden barrel, filled with milk, with a handle and a paddle pulled up and down to make butter
T. Sugar Chest	___ An expensive bright green paint made out of copper and cow manure, used to show wealth
U. Great Parlor	___ Children roll a large hoop along the ground with a stick or rod as part of this game.

